## **Guelph's Private Tree Protection By-law Update Phase 1 Engagement**

# Committee to Council: Session with Heritage Guelph













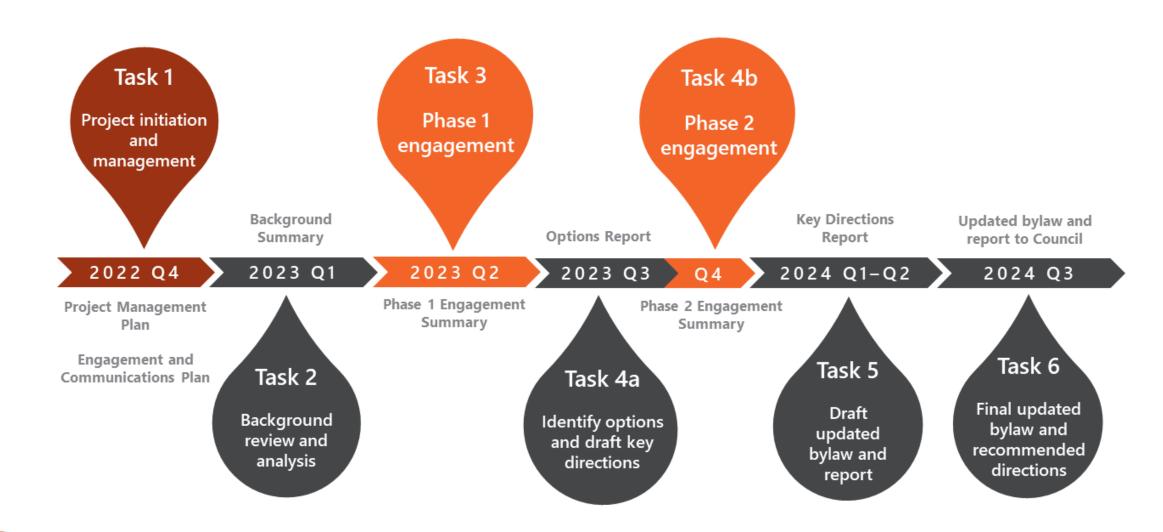


## Why does the bylaw need updating?

Guelph's Private Tree Protection By-law was last updated in 2010. What has changed?

- More intensification
- More concern about climate change
- Updated policies, regulations and guidelines relevant to the bylaw
  - new Official Plan policies for Natural Heritage System (2014)
  - first Heritage Conservation District (2015)
  - Tree Technical Manual (2019)
- Recommended: In the City's Urban Forest Management Plan 2013-2032

## Private Tree Protection By-law Update

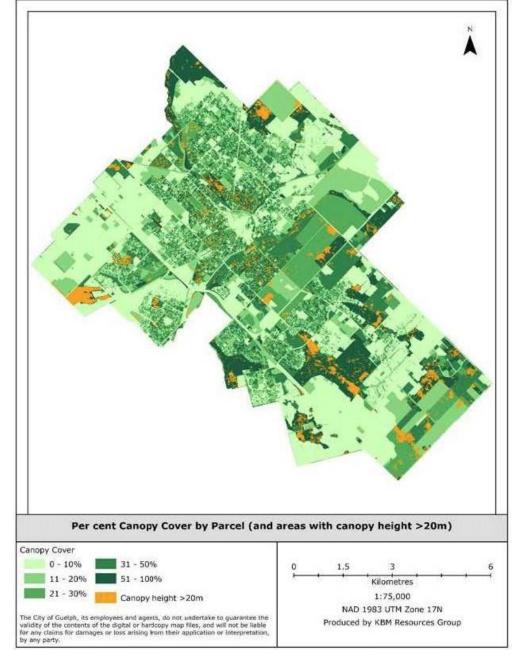


# Some facts about trees in Guelph

- Guelph's current tree canopy cover is 23 per cent
- More than half of the canopy cover in the city is on private lands

Most of the trees in Guelph are relatively small:

- Over 70 per cent are 15 centimetres diameter or less
- Over 90 per cent are 30 centimetres diameter or less



## Why have a private tree bylaw?

Guelph values the numerous contributions trees make to the health of the community and to sustainable growth.

A private tree bylaw is one of the tools the City uses to protect and enhance tree canopy cover by:

- Creating opportunities to educate people about trees
- Deterring or preventing unnecessary tree removals
- Ensuring that tree removals are done properly
- Facilitating tracking of tree removals and replacements
- Providing a legal basis for getting tree replacements and/or financial compensation for trees removed



### What is the current bylaw scope?

Guelph's current Private Tree Protection By-law regulates:

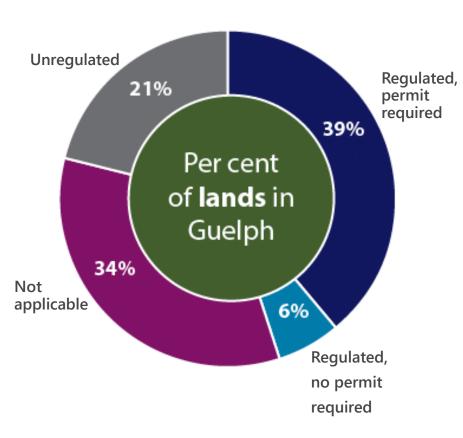
- trees that are at least 10 centimetres in diameter
- on privately-owned lots greater than 0.2 hectares (0.5 acres)

Note: The dimensions are about 90 feet wide by 239 feet long





## What does the bylaw regulate?

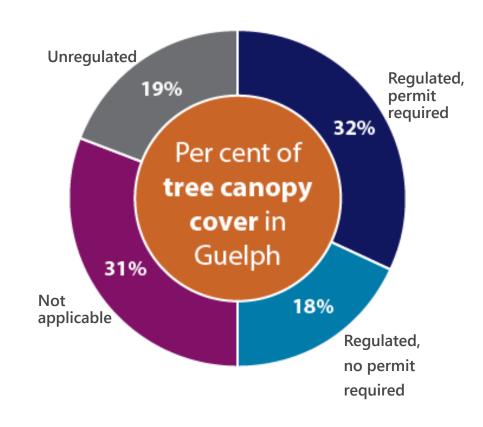


#### Regulated

- 45 per cent of the land in the City
- 50 per cent of Guelph's tree canopy cover

#### **Unregulated**

- 21 per cent of the land in the City
- 19 per cent of Guelph's tree canopy cover



#### Not applicable (to public lands)

- 34 per cent of the land in the city
- 31 per cent of Guelph's tree canopy cover



### How does the current bylaw work?

**Permit required:** For damage (injury) or removal (destruction) of trees of at least 10 cm diameter on privately-owned lots greater than 0.2 hectares (0.5 acres)

There are some exemptions to the permit process: Examples include trees deemed high risk or dead

#### **Processes:**

- A designated Bylaw Inspector from the City may issue a permit, with or without conditions (or may deny a permit)
- Permits are to be posted at least 5 days prior to works
- Permits expire after 90 days unless an extension granted
- There is an appeal process (Committee to Council)



### More about the current bylaw ...

A designated Bylaw Inspector from the City may, in relation to a permit:

- Enter the lands for an inspection
- Order the discontinuation of a permit violation
- Recover the costs of remedial actions

A designated Bylaw Inspector from the City may also press charges for a bylaw violation and, if convicted by the courts, the violator may be subject to fines



## More than tree bylaws apply

The Private Tree
Protection By-law is
only one of multiple
planning tools that
apply to trees in
Guelph

\* The Strategic Plan is being updated over 2023

\*\* In Guelph, the Official Plan defines the "urban forest" as trees outside the natural heritage system and so trees across the city are referred to as "tree canopy cover"

Strategic Plan\*

Identifies "increasing Guelph's tree canopy" as one of the key actions for adapting to climate change

Official Plan Includes policies for protecting and enhancing trees in the natural heritage system and the urban forest\*\*

- Policy 4.1.6 (c) "maintain and increase tree canopy cover within the city, with a target of 40% by 2031"
- Policy 4.1.6.1.4 "Tree destruction or removal of trees on private property will be regulated by the City's tree by-law"

Brooklyn and College Hill Heritage Conservation District By-law and guidelines in this district require a heritage permit for activities that may result in damage to or removal of trees of at least 20 centimetres in diameter in front and side yards with cultural heritage value

Urban Forest
Management Plan
(UFMP) 2013-2032,
Urban Forest Study
Report (2019) and
UFMP Implementation
Update (2020)

Recognize the value of tree by-laws to help protect and enhance tree canopy cover, and support the periodic review and update of these by-laws

Tree Technical Manual (2019) Includes technical guidance for tree protection, planting and compensation (including tree replacement and financial compensation)



# Brooklyn Hill Heritage Conservation District

Part A: Plan and Guidelines, Section 4.6.5

(a) The damage or destruction of any tree greater than **20** centimetres in diameter at 1.4 metres above ground requires approval of a heritage permit where it is located within the front yard or exterior side yard and contributes to the heritage value or visual character of the Heritage Conservation District (i.e. trees that contribute to the canopy that overarches the public realm). The heritage permit approval may include conditions for replacement planting of such trees.





### Heritage trees in the current bylaw

#### Part 1 - Definitions

 "Heritage Tree" means a tree designated under Part IV of the Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. 0.18, as amended or replaced from time to time, or included in the City's Municipal Register of Cultural Heritage Properties

#### Part VI - Issuance of Permits

• 6. In deciding whether or not to issue a Permit in respect of a Regulated Tree, an Inspector shall consider the following criteria: ... (e) whether the Regulated Tree is a Heritage Tree





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## **Questions?** Comments?

